# **ufiSpace**





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# **Overview**

The UfiSpace S9610-48DX is a high-performance, versatile, open disaggregated aggregation router. It is designed to address the changing needs of the next generation transport network as telecoms make the transition from legacy technologies towards 5G.

Providing a powerful 8-core or 12-core processor along with 25GE (through breakout cable), 100G, and 400G services ports, the S9610-48DX platform can enable multiple application architectures required for high traffic loading in a 5G mobile Ethernet network. Due to its versatility, the S9610-48DX can be positioned into different parts of the network to perform aggregation, such as in the backhaul to aggregate BBU pooling or even as a Broadband Network Gateway (BNG) within the central office.

The S9610-48DX is an edge Grandmaster equipped with Primary Reference Time Clock (PRTC), distributing phase and time accuracy via PTP (ITU-T G.8275.1), which meet the need for 5G applications.

With the hardware fully supporting IEEE 1588v2 and SyncE synchronization, n+1 redundancy hot-swappable components, and a high port density design, the S9610-48DX delivers high system reliability, Ethernet switching performance and intelligence to the network that helps reduce infrastructure and administrative costs.



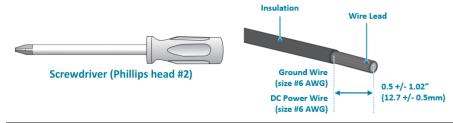
The S9610-48DX's standard version is equipped with an 8-core processor; the S9610-48DX's premium version is equipped with a 12-core processor.

This document describes the hardware installation process for the S9610-48DX.



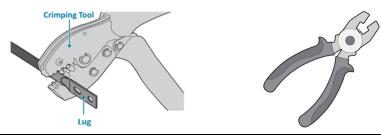
# **Preparation**

## 2.1 Installation Tools



Phillips #2 Screw Driver

6-AWG green-and-yellow wire for grounding 6-AWG DC power wire



Crimping tool

Wire stripping tool



All illustrations within this document are for reference purposes only. Actual objects may differ.

- PC with terminal emulation software. Refer to the "Initial System Setup" section for details.
  - Baud rate: 115200 bps
  - Data bits: 8
  - Parity: None
  - Stop bits: 1
  - Flow control: None

#### 2.2 Installation Environment Requirements

- Power Reserve: The S9610-48DX power supply is available with:
  - 1. **DC Version:** 1+1 Redundant and hot swappable -40 to -72V DC power supply field replaceable unit or;
  - 2. AC Version: 1+1 Redundant and hot swappable 200 to 240V AC power supply field replaceable unit.

To ensure the redundant feed power design functions properly, a field with dual power circuit is recommend with a reserve of at least 2000 watts on each power circuit.

• Space Clearance: The S9610-48DX width is 17.16 inches (43.6cm) and shipped with a rack mount brackets suitable for 19 inch (48.3cm) wide racks. The depth of the S9610-48DX chassis is 30 inches (76.2cm) without the field replaceable units (FRUs) and comes with adjustable check mounting rails suitable for rack depths of 22 inches (55.9cm) to 33 inches (83.8cm). The handle for the fan units will extend outwards by 1.15 inch (2.9cm) and the handle for the power supplies will extend outwards by 1.19 inches (3cm). Therefore, to accommodate the fan and power supply handles, a minimum space clearance of 6 inches (15.2cm) is needed at the back of the S9610-48DX. A total minimum reserve depth of 36 inches (91.4cm) is required.

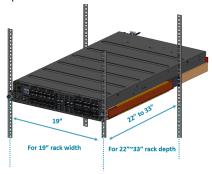


Figure 1.

• Cooling: The S9610-48DX airflow direction is front-to-back. Make sure the equipment on the same rack have the same airflow direction.



Figure 2.

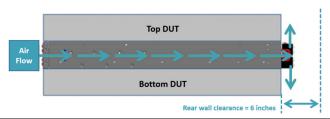


Figure 3.

# 2.3 **Preparation Check List**

Task	Check	Date
Power voltage and electric current requirements		
DC version: -40 to -72V DC, 60A maximum x2 or;		
AC version: 200 to 240V AC, 12.5A maximum x2		
Installation space requirements		
S9610-48DX requires 2RU (3.45"/8.8cm) in height, 19" (48.3cm) in		
width, and need a minimum reserve depth of 36 inches (91.4cm)		
Thermal requirements		
S9610-48DX working temperature is 0 to 45°C (32°F to 113°F),		
airflow direction is front-to-back		
Installation tools required		
#2 Philips Screwdriver, 6-AWG yellow-and-green wire stripper, and		
crimping tool		
Accessories required		
PC with USB ports and terminal emulation software		



# Package Contents

# 3.1 Accessory List

Item	Description	Spec. & Dimensions	Qty.	Weight
1	Grounding Kit	1x Grounding Lug (# 6 AWG) 1.14" x 1.47" x 0.49" (29 x 37.5 x 12.5mm) 2x Screws M4*L8.0mm 2x M4 Lock Washers	1 set	0.037lb (17g)/1 set
2	DC Input Lug (DC version only)	5x Grounding Lugs (# 6 AWG) 1.14" x 1.47" x 0.49" (29 x 37.5 x 12.5mm) 2x Screws M4*L8.0mm 2x M4 Lock Washers	1 set	0.14lb (64.7g) /1 set
3	Micro USB Cable	3.28' (1000mm)	1 pcs	0.056lb (25.5g)/1 pcs
4	RJ45 to DB9 Female Cable	8' (2438mm)	1 pcs	0.23lb (105g)/1 pcs
5	Adjustable MountingRail (for 4 post)	30.4"x 1.7" x 0.9" (771 x 44 x 22mm) (22"~33" rack depth)	2 sets	7lb (3.178kg)/2 sets 3.503lb (1.589kg)/1 set
6	Screw Kit (for Rack Mount Bracket)	2 x Screw M4.0*L5.5	1 set	0.004lb (1.9g)/1 set
7	AC Power Cord (AC version only)	72.05" (1830mm)	2 pcs	1.54lb (700g)/ 2 pcs 0.77lb (350g)/1 pcs

# 3.2 Component Physical Information

Specification	Item	Description
	Total package contents	85.45lb (38.76kg)
	Chassis without FRU	49.91lb (22.64kg)
	Davis Consider Hart (DCH)	DC PSU: 2.53lb (1.15kg)
	Power Supply Unit (PSU)	AC PSU: 2.65lb (1.2kg)
Woight	Fan module	1.65lb (750g)
Weight	Ground lug kit	0.14lb (64.7g)
	Adjustable mounting rail	3.503lb (1.589kg)
	Micro USB cable	0.056lb (25.5g)
	RJ45 to DB9 female cable	0.23lb (105g)
	AC power cord (AC version only)	0.77lb (350g)
	COC40 40DV (W D II)	17.16" x 30" x 3.45"
Dimension	S9610-48DX (W x D x H)	(436 x 762 x 87.7mm)
Dimension	PSU (W x D x H)	1.99" x 14.17" x 1.58" (50.5 x 360 x 40mm)
	Fan (W x D x H)	3.19" x 6.09" x 3.21" (81 x 154.8 x 81.5mm)



# Identifying Your System

## 4.1 **S9610-48DX Overview**

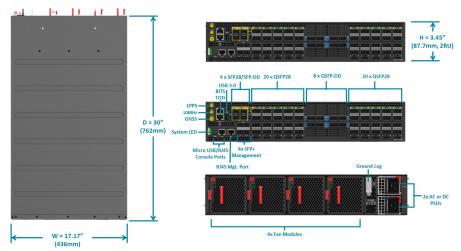


Figure 4.

## 4.2 **PSU Overview**

Power supply unit (PSU) with 1+1 Redundancy. Hot swappable, field replaceable unit (FRU).

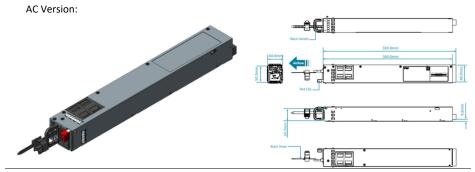


Figure 5.

S9610-48DX Hardware Installation Guide | 7

## DC Version:

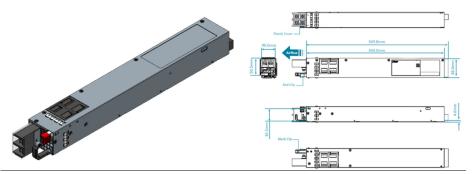


Figure 6.

## 4.3 Fan Overview

3+1 Redundant, hot swappable, field replaceable unit (FRU).

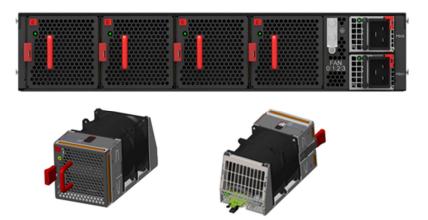


Figure 7.

### 4.4 Port Overview

Port ID	Form Factor	Maximum Support Distance	Support Speed
0~39	QSFP28	Up to 49.7mi (80km)	40/100G
40 ~ 47	QSFP-DD	Up to 372.82mi (600km)	100/400G
48 ~ 51	SFP28/SFP-DD	Up to 24.85mi (40km)	1/10/25G

The 400G QSFP-DD interfaces on the S9610-48DX can support 400GZR and OpenZR+ transceivers.



Figure 8.



# **Rack Mounting**



It is recommended that installation be done by at least two trained professionals. One individual should hold the router in position, while the other secures it in place onto the rail slides.

- 1. Separate the adjustable mounting rail slides.
  - 1.1 Pull apart the inner and outer rails until it is locked in place. An audible click can be heard when the rails are locked in place.
  - 1.2 Pull the white tab forward to unlock the rails in order to completely separate the inner rail from the outer rail. The white tab is located on the inner rail.
  - 1.3 Once the inner rail is separated, push the tab located on the outer rail to unlock and slide the middle rail back.



Figure 9.

- 2 Install the inner rails onto the chassis.
  - 2.1 The inner rail has key-shaped holes where attachment pins on the chassis can be aligned. The chassis has 5 attachment pins on each side, for a total of 10 pins. Fit the key-shaped holes with the attachment pins and pull back to hold the inner rack in place.



Make sure the locking screw of the inner rail is positioned at the front of the chassis.

2.2 After the attachment pins are secured to the inner rail, lock the inner rail to the chassis using two M4 screws (one on each chassis side).

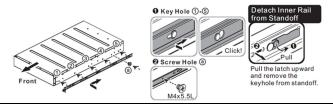


Figure 10.

- 3 Fix the outer rails onto the rack.
  - 3.1 The outer rails have two brackets on the front and rear. Pull back the clip of the rear bracket to attach it onto the rack. An audible click can be hear when the bracket is secured onto the rack.
  - 3.2 Once the rear bracket is secured, pull back the clip of the front bracket attach it to the rack. An audible click can be heard when the bracket is secured onto the rack.

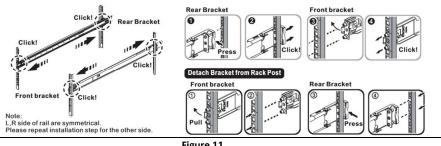


Figure 11.

- 4 Insert the Chassis to complete the installation.
  - 4.1 Pull the middle rail fully extended into lock position, an audible click can be heard when the middle rail is fully extended and locked into position.
  - 4.2 Insert the chassis by lining up the inner rails into the slot of the middle rail.
  - 4.3 Slide the chassis into the middle rail until it hits a stop.
  - 4.4 Push the blue release tab on each rail to unlock the rails and slide the chassis all the way
  - $4.5\ Lock$  the chassis into place by using the screw on the front of the inner rail.

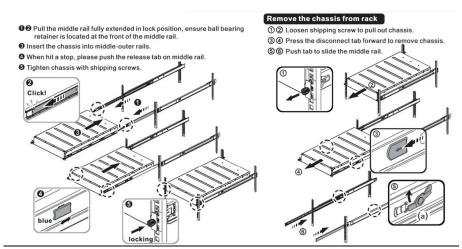


Figure 12.



# **Installing Fan Modules**

The fan modules are hot swappable field replaceable units (FRUs), which can be replaced while the router is operating as long as all the remaining modules are installed and in operation. The fans come pre-installed and the following steps are instructions on how to install a new fan module.

1. Locate the release tab on the fan module. Then press and hold the release tab to unlock the fan module.



Figure 13.

2. While holding down the release tab, grip the fan handle and gently pull the fan module out of the fan bay.



Figure 14.

- 3. Align the new fan module with the fan bay, ensuring that the fan module's power connector is in the correct position.
- 4. Carefully slide the new fan module into the fan bay and gently push until it is flush with the case.
- 5. An audible click will be heard when the fan module is installed correctly. The fan module will not go in all the way if it is installed in the wrong direction.

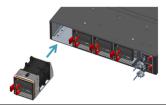


Figure 15.



# **Installing Power Supply Units**

The power supply unit (PSU) is a hot swappable field replaceable unit (FRU) and can be replaced while the router is operating as long as the remaining (second) PSU is installed and in operation. The AC and DC PSU follow the same steps for installation. The PSU comes pre-installed and the following are instructions on how to install a new PSU.



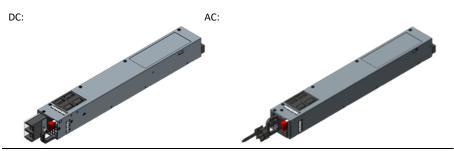


Figure 16.

- 1. Locate the red release tab on the PSU. Then press and hold down the release tab to unlock the PSU.
- 2. While holding down the red release tab, grip the PSU's handle and firmly pull it out of the power bay.

DC Version: AC Version:

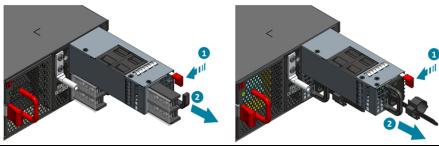


Figure 17.

- 3. Align the new PSU with the power bay, ensuring the PSU's power connector is in the correct
- 4. Carefully slide the new PSU into the power bay and gently push until it is flush with the case.5. An audible click will be heard when the PSU is installed correctly. The PSU will not go in all the way if it is in the wrong direction.

DC Version: AC Version:

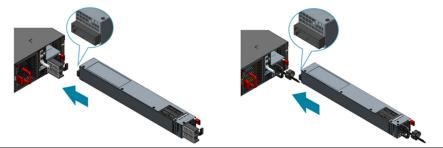


Figure 18.



# **Grounding the Router**

It is recommended that equipment changes be done on a grounded rack system. This will reduce or prevent the risk of shock hazards, equipment damage, and potential of data corruption.

The router can be grounded from the router's case, a grounding lug and M4 screws and washers are provided with the package contents, however, the grounding wire is not included. The location for securing the grounding lug is at the rear of the case and is covered with a protective label.

The following instructions are for installing the grounding lug onto the case.

- Before grounding the router, ensure that the rack is properly grounded and in compliance with local regulatory guidelines. Ensure that there is nothing that can obstruct the connection for grounding and remove any paint or materials that may prevent good grounding contact.
- 2. Strip the insulation from a size #6 AWG grounding wire (not provided within the package contents), leaving 0.5" +/-0.02" (12.7mm +/-0.5mm) of exposed grounding wire.
- 3. Insert the exposed grounding wire all the way into the hole of the grounding lug (provided with package contents).
- 4. Using a crimping tool, firmly secure the grounding wire to the grounding lug.



Figure 19.

5. Locate the designated location for securing the grounding lug, which is located on the rear of the router and remove the protective label.

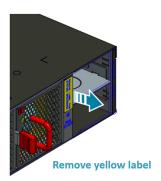


Figure 20.

6. Using 2 M4 screws and 2 washers (provided with the package contents), firmly lock the grounding lug to the designated grounding location on the router.

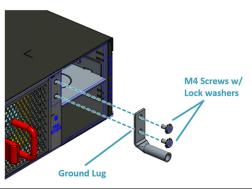


Figure 21.



# **Connecting Power**

#### 9.1 DC Version



Dangerous Voltage!

- · Must be powered off before removing!
- Verify that all electrical connections are grounded before powering on
- The DC power source must be reliably grounded
- 1. Ensure there is enough power to supply the system.

The maximum system power consumption is 1220 watts under 400G optics MSA standards. With OpenZR+ transceivers (on selected ports, please refer to section 4.4), the maximum power consumption is 1524 watts. It is recommended to ensure that enough power is reserved from the power distribution system before installation. Also, please ensure that both PSUs have been properly installed before powering up the equipment, as the S9610-48DX is designed to support 1 + 1 power redundancy.



Testing criteria for maximum power are as follows:

Temperature:45°C Optics: full populated Traffic: 100% load

2. Attach the DC power cables to the lugs.

The UL 1015, 6 AWG DC power cable (not provided) must be attached to a two-hole lug before connecting to the PSU. The following instructions are for connecting the DC Power Cable to the lug:

- 2.1 Strip the insulation from a DC Power Cable, leaving 0.5'' +/-0.02'' (12.7mm +/-0.5mm) of exposed cable
- 2.2 Insert the exposed DC power cable into the heat shrink tubing, the length of heat shrink tubing should not less than 38.5mm.
- 2.3 Insert the exposed DC power cable all the way into the hollow tube of the lug (provided with switch package contents).
- $2.4 \ Using a \ crimping tool, firmly secure the DC power cable to the lug. It is recommended to not crimp exceeding the lines indicated on the lug, which is also depicted as the cross-section area in the picture on the below. \\$

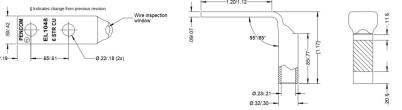


Figure 22.

 $2.5\,\mbox{Move}$  the heat shrink tubing to cover any exposed metal on the DC power cable and lug.

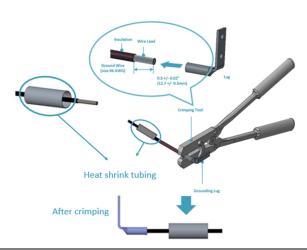
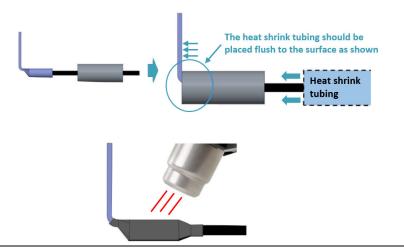


Figure 23.

2.6 Use a heat source to secure the heat shrink tubing in place. Allow the heat shrink tubing to cool before attaching the DC power cable. An example of the installed DC version with insulation material as below.



#### Figure 24.

#### 3. Attach the power cable.

Locate the DC power screw-type terminal block located on the PSU. Remove the plastic cover that is protecting the terminal block by pushing from the top or bottom of the cover and flipping open the cover outwards. Secure the two-hole lug (with the DC power cable attached) to the terminal block as depicted in the following figure.

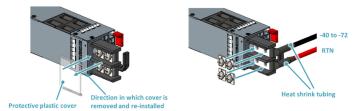


Figure 25.

#### 4. Tighten the screws to the specified torque.

Tighten the screws to a torque value of 14.0+/-0.5kgf.cm. If the torque is not enough, the lug will not be secure and may cause malfunctions. If the torque is too much, the terminal block or lug may be damaged. Secure the plastic cover back onto the terminal block. The figure below depicts how it should look once the lug is attached and the protective plastic cover reinstalled.

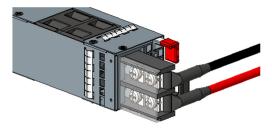


Figure 26.

#### 5. Feed DC power into the system.

The PSU will immediately output 12V and 5VSB to the system with a -40V to -72V DC power source. The PSU has a built in 80A, fast acting fuse based on the PSU maximum capacity, which will act as a second tier system protection in case the power distribution unit's fuse is not functioning.

#### 6. Verify that the power supply is operating.

If connected correctly, when turned on, the LED on the PSU will light up with a Green color designating normal operation.

#### 9.2 AC Version

1. Ensure there is enough power to supply the system.

The maximum system power consumption is 1212 watts under 400G optics MSA standards. With OpenZR+ transceivers (on selected ports, please refer to section 4.4), the maximum power consumption is 1510 watts. It is recommended to ensure that enough power is reserved from the power distribution system before installation. Also, please ensure that both PSUs have been properly installed before powering up the equipment, as the S9610-48DX is designed to support 1 + 1 power redundancy.



Testing criteria for maximum power are as follows:

Temperature:45°C Optics: full populated Traffic: 100% load

2. Attach the power cable.

Locate the AC inlet connector on the PSU and plug the AC power cable (250VAC 15A, IEC60320 C19) into the AC inlet connector.

3. Feed AC power into the system.

The PSU will immediately output 12V & 5VSB to the system with a 200 to 240V, AC power source. The PSU has a built-in 15 amperes, fast acting fuse based on the PSU maximum capacity, which will act as a second tier system protection in case the power distribution unit's fuse is not functioning.

4. Verify that the power supply is operating. If connected correctly, when turned on, the LED on the PSU will light up with a solid Green color designating normal operation.



🖋 Note

If only a single 110VAC power source is available, the S9610-48DX can still be powered using both PSUs (1000 watts each for a total output of 2000 watts).



# 10 Verifying System Operation

## 10.1 Front Panel LED

 $\label{thm:continuous} Verify \ basic operations \ by \ checking \ the \ system \ LEDs \ located \ on \ the \ front \ panel. \ When \ operating \ normally, \ the \ SYS, \ FAN, \ PSO \ and \ PS1 \ LEDs \ should \ all \ display \ green.$ 



Figure 27.

SYNC Off System timing/clock synchronization is disable or in free-run mode Solid Green System timing core is synchronized to PTP packet (Phase) or one of the external timing sources (Phase) and frequency is locked.  Blinking Green System timing is synchronized to PTP packet (Frequency) or one of the external timing (Frequency) sources  Solid Yellow System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode  Blinking Yellow System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out  SYS  OFF No power  Solid Green Host CPU/BMC boot complete  Solid Amber Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed  FAN  OFF Fans are not initialized  Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal  Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 is working normal		
Off System timing/clock synchronization is disable or in free-run mode Solid Green System timing core is synchronized to PTP packet (Phase) or one of the external timing sources (Phase) and frequency is locked.  Blinking Green System timing is synchronized to PTP packet (Frequency) or one of the external timing (Frequency) sources  Solid Yellow System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode  Blinking Yellow System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out  SYS  OFF No power  Solid Green Host CPU/BMC boot complete  Solid Amber Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed  FAN  OFF Fans are not initialized  Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal  Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	LED Condition	Equipment Status
System timing core is synchronized to PTP packet (Phase) or one of the external timing sources (Phase) and frequency is locked.  Blinking Green System timing is synchronized to PTP packet (Frequency) or one of the external timing (Frequency) sources  Solid Yellow System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode  Blinking Yellow System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out  SYS  OFF No power  Solid Green Host CPU/BMC boot complete  Solid Amber Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed  FAN  OFF Fans are not initialized  Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal  Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	SYNC	
external timing sources (Phase) and frequency is locked.  Blinking Green System timing is synchronized to PTP packet (Frequency) or one of the external timing (Frequency) sources  Solid Yellow System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode  Blinking Yellow System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out  SYS  OFF No power Solid Green Host CPU/BMC boot complete Solid Amber Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed  FAN  OFF Fans are not initialized Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU0 is working normal Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Off	, ,
external timing sources (Phase) and frequency is locked.  Blinking Green  System timing is synchronized to PTP packet (Frequency) or one of the external timing (Frequency) sources  Solid Yellow  System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode  Blinking Yellow  System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out  SYS  OFF  No power  Solid Green  Host CPU/BMC boot complete  Solid Amber  Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed  FAN  OFF  Fans are not initialized  Solid Green  All FAN modules are working normal  Blinking Amber  FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF  No Power  Solid Green  PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber  PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF  No Power  Solid Green  PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber  PSU1 is working normal	Solid Green	System timing core is synchronized to PTP packet (Phase) or one of the
Solid Yellow System timing (Frequency) sources  Solid Yellow System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode  Blinking Yellow System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out  SYS  OFF No power Solid Green Host CPU/BMC boot complete  Solid Amber Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed  FAN  OFF Fans are not initialized Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU0 is working normal Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Jona Green	external timing sources (Phase) and frequency is locked.
Solid Yellow System timing core is in acquiring state or holdover mode Blinking Yellow System timing synchronization fail or acquiring/holdover time out SYS OFF No power Solid Green Host CPU/BMC boot complete Solid Amber Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed FAN OFF Fans are not initialized Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service PSO OFF No Power Solid Green PSU0 is working normal Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service) PS1 OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Blinking Groon	System timing is synchronized to PTP packet (Frequency) or one of the
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FAN  OFF Fans are not initialized  Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal  Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 is working normal	Solid Green	Host CPU/BMC boot complete
OFF Fans are not initialized  Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal  Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 is working normal	Solid Amber	Power is up but Host CPU/BMC boot failed
Solid Green All FAN modules are working normal Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU0 is working normal Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	FAN	
Blinking Amber FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service  PSO  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU1 fail (PSU1 need service)	OFF	Fans are not initialized
PSO OFF No Power Solid Green PSU0 is working normal Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service) PS1 OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Solid Green	All FAN modules are working normal
OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU0 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Blinking Amber	FAN fail: one or more FAN module(s) need service
Solid Green PSU0 is working normal Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service) PS1  OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	PS0	
Solid Amber PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)  PS1  OFF No Power  Solid Green PSU1 is working normal  Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	OFF	No Power
PS1 OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Solid Green	PSU0 is working normal
OFF No Power Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	Solid Amber	PSU0 fail (PSU0 need service)
Solid Green PSU1 is working normal Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	PS1	
Solid Amber PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)	OFF	No Power
	Solid Green	PSU1 is working normal
ID	Solid Amber	PSU 1 fail (PSU1 need service)
	ID	

OFF	No Power
Solid Blue	Reserved
Blinking Blue	Enabled beacon feature

## 10.2 **PSU FRU LED**

Additional information about PSU status can be obtained by the LEDs located on the PSU itself.

LED Condition	Equipment Status
Off	No input power to all power supplies.
Green	Output ON and OK.
Red	Power supply critical event causing a shutdown, failure, overcurrent,
	short circuit, over voltage, fan failure, and/or over temperature.
Blinking Green	PSU standby state input power present / Only +5VSB on.
Blinking Red	Input power cord unplugged or input power lost with a second power
	supply in parallel still with AC input power.
Blinking between	Power supply warning events where the power supply continues to
Green and Red	operate; high temp, high power, high current, and/or slow fan.
Blinking Green	Power supply firmware updating (Boot-loader mode).

## 10.3 Fan FRU LED

Additional information about fan status can be obtained by the LEDs located on the fan itself.

<b>LED Condition</b>	Equipment Status
Off	No input power to all power supplies
Green	Fan FRU function normal
Amber	Fan FRU abnormal, service is required



# 11 Initial System Setup

Establishing a first-time serial connection.

To assign an IP address, you must have access to the command line interface (CLI). The CLI is a text-based interface that can be accessed through a direct serial connection to the router.

Access the CLI by connecting to the console port. After you assign an IP address, you can access the system through Telnet or SSH by Putty, TeraTerm or HyperTerminal.

Perform the following steps to access the router through a serial connection:

- 1. Connect the console cable.
  - The console can be connected either with the IOIO port or the micro USB port. If connecting with USB, drivers will need to be installed.
  - To connect the console using the IOIO port, locate the port labelled IOIO, then plug a serial
    cable into the console port and connect the other end to the PC or laptop. Cable types may
    vary depending on the router model.



Figure 28.

- To connect the console using the micro USB port, locate the port on the front panel of the router, then connect your computer using the micro USB cable provided in the packaging contents. Download the suitable driver for your operating system (OS) using the URL below:
  - https://www.silabs.com/products/development-tools/software/usb-to-uart-bridge-vcp-drivers
  - https://www.silabs.com/ and search for CP210X



Figure 29.

Check for serial control availability.Disable any serial communication programs running on the computer such as synchronization

programs to prevent interference.

3. Launch a terminal emulator.

Open a terminal emulator application such as HyperTerminal (Windows PC), Putty or TeraTerm and configure the application. The following settings are for a Windows environment (other operating systems may vary):

• Baud rate: 115200 bps

Data bits: 8Parity: NoneStop bits: 1Flow control: None

4. Login to the device.

After the connection is established, a prompt for the username and password displays. Enter the username and password to access the CLI. The username and password should be provided by the Network Operating System (NOS) vendor.



# 12 Cable Connections

### 12.1 Connecting the USB Extender Cable

Connect the USB 3.0 A Type plug (male connector) into the USB port (female connector) located on the front panel of the router. This USB port is a maintenance port.

To avoid any interoperability issue, we recommend that you run the following command lines and then restart your USB after installing the USB device.

#### USB Reset

usbreset 002/002

#### Restart 5V Power

i2cset -y 0 0x71 0x01 i2cget -y 0 0x30 0x44 i2cset -y 0 0x30 0x44 0x5f i2cset -y 0 0x30 0x44 0x6f



Figure 30.

## 12.2 Connecting a Cable to the ToD Interface



The maximum length of the straight-through Ethernet cable should not be more than 3 meters.

- ${\bf 1.} \quad {\bf Connect\ one\ end\ of\ a\ straight-through\ Ethernet\ cable\ to\ the\ GNSS\ unit}$
- 2. Connect the other end of the straight-through Ethernet cable to the port marked "TOD" located on the front panel of the router.



Figure 31.

# 12.3 Connecting a Cable to the BITS Interface



The maximum length of the BITS cable should not be more than 3 meters.

- 1. Connect one end of a shielded RJ48 cable to the port labelled "BITS" located on the front panel of the router.
- 2. Connect the other end of the cable to the BITS patch or demarcation panel.



Figure 30.

3. Below is the pinout for the BITS port.

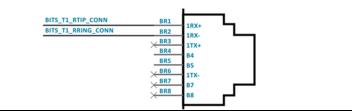


Figure 31.

# 12.4 Connecting the GNSS Interface

Connect an external GNSS antenna with an impedance of 50 ohms to the port marked "GNSS ANT" located on the front panel of the router. To find more information about the installing an antenna to the GNSS port, please see Section 12.8.



Figure 34.

# 12.5 Connecting the 1PPS Interface



The maximum length of the 1PPS coaxial SMB/1PPS Ethernet cable should not be more than 3 meters.

Connect an external 1PPS cable with an impedance of 50 ohms to the port labelled "1PPS".



Figure 35.

## 12.6 Connecting the 10MHz Interface



The maximum length of the 10MHz coaxial SMB cable should not be more than 3 meters

Connect an external 10MHz cable with an impedance of 50 ohms to the port labelled "10MHz".



Figure 36.

#### 12.7 Connecting the Transceiver



#### 🔊 Note

To prevent over tightening and damaging the optic fibers, it is not recommended to use tie wraps with optical cables.

Read the following guidelines before connecting the transceiver:

- Before installing the router, take into consideration rack space requirements for cable management and plan accordingly.
- It is recommended to use hook-and-loop style straps to secure and organize the cables.
- For easier management, label each fiber-optic cable and record its respective connection.
- Maintain a clear line of sight to the port LEDs by routing the cables away from the LEDs.



Caution

Before connecting anything (cables, transceivers, etc.) to the router, please ensure to discharge any static electricity that may have built up during handling. It is also recommended the cabling be done by a professional who is grounded, such as by wearing an ESD wrist strap.

Read the following the steps below for connecting a transceiver.

- 1. Remove the new transceiver from its protective packaging.
- 2. Remove the protective plug from the transceiver itself.
- 3. Place the bail (wire handle) in the unlocked position and align the transceiver with the port.
- 4. Slide the transceiver into the port and gently push until it is secured in place. An audible click can be heard when the transceiver is secured in the port.

#### 12.8 Installing an Antenna



### 💉 Note

Make sure the satellite signal strength is greater than 30db, when using a GNSS simulator for testing.

Read the following guidelines before installing your antenna.

- The S9610-48DX supports various types of receiver frequency types, including GPS L1C/A, GLONASS L1OF, BeiDou B1, and Galileo E1B/C.
- The minimum sensitivity of the receiver frequency (RF) is -166dBm.
- The S9610-48DX supports both passive and active GNSS antennas, and will automatically detect which type of antenna is installed.
- If the received signal strength is lower than 30db, the GNSS receiver will fail to produce accurate location estimates.

To optimize antenna performance, it is highly recommended to choose a roof or top floor that is free from any signal blockage or obstruction.

Read the following guidelines before installing an active antenna:

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- When an active antenna is installed, the S9610-48DX can supply up to 5V DC/150mA on the GNSS port.
- If any GNSS amplifier, DC-blocked or cascaded splitter is inserted, the GNSS detection function might be affected, resulting in GNSS satellite clock errors.
- We recommend that you use an active antenna equipped with 50 ohm impedance
  matching, 5V DC power supply capable, max. NF 1.5dB and 35~42dB internal LNA gain to
  get a strong enough signal strength in various weather conditions.
- To prevent damages caused by power surges or lightning strikes, ensure a surge protector is attached to the GNSS antenna.



Figure 32.

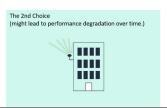


Figure 33.



# 13 Cautions and Regulatory Compliance Statements

# 13.1 Cautions and Regulatory Compliances



Safety Notices
Caution! Shock hazard!
TO DISCONNECT POWER, REMOVE ALL POWER CORDS FROM UNIT.



**Electrical Hazard:** Only qualified personnel should perform installation procedures. **Risques d'électrocution:** Seul un personnel qualifié doit effectuer les procedures d'installation.

**Warning:** Network Switch power supplies do not have switches for turning the unit on and off. Before servicing, disconnect all power cords to remove power from the device. Make sure that these connections are easily accessible.



**Avertissement:** Network Switch alimentations ne sont pas des interrupteurs pour allumer l'appareil et en dehors. Avant l'entretien, débranchez tous les cordons d'alimentation pour couper l'alimentation de l'appareil. Assurez-vous que ces connexions sont facilement accessibles.



**Caution:** Before mounting the device, ensure that the rack can support it without compromising stability. Otherwise, personal injury and/or equipment damage may result.



**Caution**: This unit must be installed indoors. The unit, AC power supplies, DC power supplies, and its cables are not designed for outdoor use.



**Caution**: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.



**Warning:** Do not use optical instruments to view the laser output. The use of optical instruments to view laser output increases eye hazard. Use only UL/CSA, IEC/EN60825-1/-2 recognized pluggable modules.

**Avertissement**: Ne pas utiliser d'instruments optiques pour voir la sortie du laser. L'utilisation de instruments optiques pour afficher la sortie laser augmente les risques oculaires. Utilisez uniquement UL/CSA, IEC/EN60825-1 /-2 reconnu modules enfichables.



**Warning:** This equipment must be grounded. Do not defeat the ground conductor or operate the equipment without correctly grounding the equipment. If there is any uncertainty about the integrity of the equipment's grounding, please contact the electrical inspection authority or a certified electrician.



<電源コードセットに関する使用上の注意事項>

付属の「AC電源コードセット」は、本製品専用のものです。他の電気機器には絶対に使用しないでください。

#### Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Notice

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment uses, generates, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed in accordance with the operator's manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



This equipment must be grounded. Do not defeat the ground conductor or operate the equipment without correctly grounding the equipment. If there is any uncertainty about the integrity of the equipment's grounding, please contact the electrical inspection authority or a certified electrician.

#### **Industry Canada Notice**

### CAN ICES-003 (A)/NMB-003(A)

This digital apparatus does not exceed the class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la class A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada

#### **Class A ITE Notice**



This equipment is compliant with Class A of CISPR 32. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.

#### **VCCI Notice**

This is Class A equipment. Operation of this equipment in a residential environment could cause radio interference. In such a case, the user may be required to take corrective actions.

\_\_\_\_\_

この装置は、クラスA機器です。この装置を住宅環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。 VCCI — A

此為甲類資訊技術設備,於居住環境中使用時,可能會造成射類擾動, 在此種情況下,使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

警告使用者:

此为A级产品,在生活环境中,该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。

在这种情况下,可能需要用户对干扰采取切实可行的措施。

#### **Installation location**

The device should be installed only in a server room or computer room where access is:

- Restricted to qualified service personnel or users familiar with restrictions applied to the location, reasons therefore, and any precautions required.
- Only afforded by the use of a tool or lock and key, or other means of security, and controlled by the authority responsible for the location.

Suitable for installation in Information Technology Rooms in accordance with Article 645 of the National Electrical Code and NFPA 75.

#### Cautions and regulatory compliance statements for NEBS:

- "Suitable for installation as part of the Common Bonding Network (CBN)"
- "An external Surge Protection Device (SPD) must be used with AC powered equipment and that the Surge Protection Device is to be installed at the AC power service entrance."
- "System can be installed in Network Telecommunications Facilities where the National Electric Code applies"
- The approximate system boot time when the AC (or DC) power source is connected is 100 secs in Ubuntu Linux system. (The boot up time may be different depending on different NOS vendors)
- The approximate link time for the OOB Ethernet port when reconnected is 40 secs base on Ubuntu Linux system (The link time may be different depending on different NOS vendors)
- The design of the equipment is that the RTN terminal should be isolated from the chassis or rack. (The DC input terminals is DC-I (Isolated DC return))
- "WARNING: The intra-building port OOB (Ethernet) of the equipment or subassembly is suitable for connection to intra-building or unexposed wiring or cabling only. The intra-building port(s) of the equipment or subassembly MUST NOT be metallically connected to interfaces that connect to the OSP or its wiring for more than 6 meters (approximately 20 feet). These interfaces are designed for use as intra-building interfaces only (Type 2, 4, or 4a ports as described in GR-1089) and require isolation from the exposed OSP cabling. The addition of Primary Protectors is not sufficient protection in order to connect these interfaces metallically to an OSP wiring system."



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